

高雄區高級中學 100 學年度第一學期  
大學入學第一次學科能力測驗聯合模擬考

英文考科

試題編號：CU-3003  
考試日期：100.10.26

—作答注意事項—

考試時間：100 分鐘

題型題數：

第壹部分

- 選擇題共 56 題

第貳部分

- 非選擇題共二大題

作答方式：

- 選擇題用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答，修正時應以橡皮擦拭，切勿使用修正液（帶）。
- 非選擇題請在「答案卷」上作答，務必使用筆尖較粗之黑色墨水的筆書寫，且不得使用鉛筆。更正時，可以使用修正液（帶）。

祝考試順利

第壹部分：選擇題（占 72 分）

一、詞彙（15%）

說明：第 1 至 15 題，每題選出一個最適當的選項，標示在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。  
每題答對得 1 分，該題未作答或答錯者，以零分計算。

1. Upon seeing her missing beloved pet dog, Marilyn hugged it \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) tightly (B) hastily (C) shortly (D) jealously
2. It takes great \_\_\_\_\_ and faith in oneself to survive the rock bottom in life.  
(A) reservation (B) preservation (C) conservation (D) determination
3. To stop corruption inside the organization, some \_\_\_\_\_ of the system will be necessary.  
(A) reforms (B) exchanges (C) displays (D) facilities
4. Victoria thought it was \_\_\_\_\_ her dignity to wash clothes by hand.  
(A) amid (B) against (C) beyond (D) beneath
5. A former assistant manager for Taiwan Sports Lottery, Lin Hao-chin was \_\_\_\_\_ in a prize money fraud with his position in Taipei Fubon Bank.  
(A) solved (B) resolved (C) involved (D) revolved
6. The profit of this new company increased by 3% annually over these years. The \_\_\_\_\_ growth encouraged all the staff.  
(A) dense (B) steady (C) previous (D) stale
7. Taiwan ranks as the fourth most \_\_\_\_\_ destination in the Asia Pacific region among holiday makers, according to a recent MasterCard International survey.  
(A) reliable (B) capable (C) desirable (D) recognizable
8. The coming typhoon forced Dorothy to \_\_\_\_\_ her stay in Maldives. She is lucky to enjoy a longer vacation.  
(A) extend (B) extort (C) expire (D) expand
9. Taiwan's Yani Tseng, underlining her status as top female golfer by winning the LPGA Championship this summer, became the youngest golfer to \_\_\_\_\_ four major professional titles.  
(A) attain (B) detain (C) remain (D) maintain
10. My grandmother's death after such a long and painful suffering was an \_\_\_\_\_ release to all of the family members.  
(A) educational (B) emotional (C) identical (D) unbearable
11. Unable to tolerate the scorching sun, the man turned on the air conditioner \_\_\_\_\_ upon entering the house.  
(A) commonly (B) regularly (C) initially (D) immediately

12. Governments around the world have included housing policy to \_\_\_\_\_ affordable houses for everyone and hope that can bring down the skyrocketing realty prices.  
(A) enable (B) enlarge (C) ensure (D) entitle
13. The premiere of a Hollywood film *Abduction* received widespread \_\_\_\_\_ at a packed screening in New York last week.  
(A) acclaim (B) benefit (C) disciple (D) reference
14. Complete Genomics granted a non-profit medicine institute permission to place 1500 complete human genomes in \_\_\_\_\_ to explore the genetic basis of premature birth.  
(A) size (B) silence (C) sequence (D) suspension
15. A study on bullying conducted by CBS news found that one out of four children has been \_\_\_\_\_ or forced to do what he doesn't want to at school.  
(A) impressed (B) infected (C) inspired (D) intimidated

## 二、綜合測驗 (15%)

說明：第 16 至 30 題，每題一個空格。請依文意選出一個最適當的選項，標示在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。每題答對得 1 分，該題未作答或答錯者，以零分計算。

### 第 16 至 20 題為題組

What does it take to be the happiest people in the world? The answer, "wealth," probably 16 in most people's mind at once. But such an answer, according to the research conducted by the *World Database of Happiness*, turns out to be 17. The studies have been carried out on many lottery winners, inquiring them the excitement the prize can bring. And in many cases the ecstasy of abrupt fortune is reported to vanish as fast as it comes. 18, money doesn't guarantee prolonged happiness. In fact, more respondents consider interpersonal relationships the main source of 19 life satisfaction. Family relationships 20 seem to be the key to long-term contentment. The research results suggest that happy family hours may be more rewarding than a penny earned.

16. (A) pops up (B) sets off (C) takes place (D) brings about
17. (A) minor (B) prior (C) major (D) superior
18. (A) Promptly (B) Properly (C) Obviously (D) Hopefully
19. (A) lasting (B) constant (C) continual (D) temporary
20. (A) at once (B) after all (C) in particular (D) in succession

### 第 21 至 25 題為題組

What recession? Even with the crazy swings in the stock market and gloomy economy, Americans still can't resist the 21. The following products with astonishingly expensive price tags are perfect examples. Knipschildt Chocolatier's *La Madeline Au Truffe* uses a French Perigord truffle,

22 costs a cool grand per pound. This \$250 item, enveloped in silky-smooth chocolate paste, is available on a preorder-only basis and has sold on average two per month since its 23. Similarly, the \$4,000 jigsaw puzzle produced by Stave Puzzles consumes both money and soul. The puzzle consists of many handmade wooden pieces which can fit in more than one place, 24 multiple solutions. "But only one is correct," said Richardson (the producer) grinning. Believe it or not, since announcing the limited 25, he's already received eight pre-orders.

21. (A) luxury (B) luxuriance (C) luxurious (D) luxuriant  
22. (A) so that (B) one that (C) in which (D) since then  
23. (A) relief (B) discharge (C) publication (D) introduction  
24. (A) owing to (B) caused by (C) leading to (D) resulted from  
25. (A) issue (B) edition (C) column (D) section

第 26 至 30 題為題組

We may associate cholesterol with fatty foods; as a matter of fact, the liver produces 75% of the wax substance that circulates in our blood while 26 25% comes from food. There are two main types of cholesterol in human blood: LDL cholesterol is considered the "bad" cholesterol whereas HDL cholesterol is 27 as the "good" cholesterol. At normal levels, the liver releases LDL cholesterol into the blood and also removes LDL cholesterol from the blood with active LDL receptors on the surface of its cells. However, a decreased number of LDL receptors is 28 high LDL cholesterol blood levels.

Both heredity and diet have a significant influence on a person's LDL, HDL and total cholesterol levels. People with inherited disorder 29 develop atherosclerosis and heart attacks during early adulthood. 30, diets that are high in saturated fats and cholesterol boost the levels of LDL cholesterol in the blood.

26. (A) another (B) other (C) some (D) the other  
27. (A) regarded (B) designated (C) dubbed (D) called  
28. (A) free of (B) responsible for (C) mixed with (D) independent of  
29. (A) attend to (B) tend to (C) point to (D) mean to  
30. (A) Apart from that (B) Against all odds  
(C) On the other hand (D) To make matters worse

三、文意選填 (10%)

說明：第 31 至 40 題，每題一個空格。請依文意在文章後所提供的(A)到(J)選項中分別選出最適當者，並將其字母代號標示在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。每題答對得 1 分，該題未作答或答錯者，以零分計算。

## 第 31 至 40 題為題組

The Chinese white dolphin along the coastline in Changhua County are ecologically and culturally unique and valuable. They used to be 31 one subpopulation under *Sousa chinensis* in eastern Taiwan Strait (ETS), settling near mainland China as well as Hong Kong. But Taipei's Academia Sinica has confirmed that the group dwelling in our western shore is genetically discrete and 32 the ones in the Pearl River and Juilong River estuaries. This ETS subgroup is found to inhabit in waters less than 30 meters in depth. Therefore, the averagely 50-meter-deep Taiwan Strait 33 a natural boundary and leaves this school along the Taiwan shore independent. In addition to genetic assessment, the Chinese white dolphins feature a special nose. The distinguished pigmentation consistently 34 the Chinese white dolphin and other ETS dolphins.

More than biological exclusiveness, the local white dolphins are also emotionally and culturally 35 the fishermen. These sea mammals win everyone's heart with their adorable appearance. The adults' pink or white skin color brings them 36 charm among inspectors. Besides, the white dolphins are nicknamed "Mazu's fish," 37 they are often spotted around the birthday of the goddess, Mazu. People can easily admire their joyful leaps offshore on the 23rd day of the third month 38 the lunar calendar.

Despite the preciousness and attraction our pink sweet neighbors possess, they encounter 39 living problems. Their home is now under the threat of Kuokuang Petrochemical's proposed complex just a few miles 40. When nature and industry collide, we should set our priority with more caution.

- |                   |                    |                  |                |                  |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| (A) away          | (B) categorized as | (C) connected to | (D) grave      | (E) irresistible |
| (F) isolated from | (G) on             | (H) serves as    | (I) sets apart | (J) for          |

## 四、閱讀測驗 (32%)

說明：第 41 至 56 題，每題請分別根據各篇文章的文意選出一個最適當的選項，標示在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。每題答對得 2 分，該題未作答或答錯者，以零分計算。

## 第 41 至 44 題為題組

Ursula Sladek, with no formal business qualifications, is the head of the Schonau Power Supply (EWS). EWS is a citizen-owned co-operative that powers 120,000 homes across the country, using only sustainable energy supplies.

In the wake of the Chernobyl nuclear plant explosion, Sladek was so much concerned so much about the radiation and the infected local wildlife that this mother of five established *Parents for a Nuclear Free Future*—a regional organization aimed at promoting alternative energy. At first, Sladek tried to persuade KWR, the original local power supplier, to invest in eco-friendly energy and

help reduce reliance on the grid. A flat refusal and duty-dodge awoke her. Sladek and her group therefore created their own power-company and launched a local petition to convince the town council and the population. In 1997 when EWS had raised enough money, it bought the contract to supply Schonau, a remote town, with non-nuclear electricity.

Collectively owned by 1,000 citizens, EWS generates energy only from green sources, mainly hydropower operations, solar panels, and wind turbines. To most people's surprise, keeping a clean and green conscience doesn't cost a premium. EWS customers actually pay less thanks to the consensus all the shareholders and the company president share—EWS does not aim at making profits. After paying bills and salary, all the rest income is reinvested into either research projects or technical support to the communities longing for green energy companies.

Today, following the Fukushima radiation leak accident and Germany's subsequent commitment to end its reliance on nuclear power over the next decade, EWS is enjoying rocketing demand. Sladek's vision and endeavor won her the title of European winner of the 2011 Goldman Environmental Prize, often cited as the "Nobel for the environment," in April of this year.

41. According to the above passage, what is **TRUE** about EWS?
- (A) It provides powers for Schonau residents only.
  - (B) This company is owned by 1,000 Schonau residents.
  - (C) It was divided from KWR, another German power plant.
  - (D) The sources of powers EWS adopts include solar panels and gas.
42. From the above passage, we can know that Ursula Sladek is **NOT** \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) a mother who has five children
  - (B) the founder of Schonau Power Supply (EWS)
  - (C) the president of Schonau Power Supply (EWS)
  - (D) an expert with business and electricity background
43. What is the future plan of EWS?
- (A) To promote replacement of nuclear power with coal power.
  - (B) To seek for safer and more efficient ways to generate nuclear energy.
  - (C) To help more communities generate clean and eco-friendly energy.
  - (D) To make bigger profits and expand EWS business to other countries.
44. Which of the following is **NOT** a reason for EWS's increasing rise in its power sales?
- (A) the cheaper price of electricity EWS provides
  - (B) the radiation leak in Fukushima nuclear plants
  - (C) Ursula Sladek's winning the Nobel Prize for Environmental Protection
  - (D) the German government's firm attitude toward halting nuclear power

第 45 至 48 題爲題組

Care for some Japanese sushi and Vietnamese pho for your next meal, or maybe just a steamy bowl of white rice to go with Thai green curry? These delicacies indicate about one out of two people in the world relies on rice as a staple food. Once the price of rice jumps, nearly half of the global population could be affected. Sadly, the global bank has detected such a trend; what's worse, chances are the price will not cease to soar.

Who is to blame for this? It turns out that Thailand, the world's biggest rice exporter supplying one-third of the global demand, is a primary cause. The new Thai Prime Minister Yingluck Shinawatra is realizing one domestic campaign promise she made to her electoral base. She pledged to buy the commodity from the country's rural farmers at a price as much as 40% above the current market price. That certainly pushes the international price of rice. Expecting the policy will take effect October 7, both rice traders and consumers are starting to hoard. A secondary catalyst for rising rice prices is Japan. The Fukushima nuclear disaster stemming from the March 11 quake and tsunami irradiated the land. An estimated 1.5 million tons of rice was lost. Japan, largely self-sufficient in past rice production, might soon scoop into the international market to compensate.

Seeing more expensive rice from Thailand and more demand from Japan, Vietnam—the world's second-largest rice exporter—chose to restrict its exports. It endeavored to keep domestic prices low rather than increase exports to help boost global supply. Even though Vietnam didn't attempt to add to the problem, as of August, rice is trading at about \$570 per metric ton, a 17-month high.

And the price of rice is expected to keep rising.

45. Choose the best title for this passage.
- (A) Asian Countries' Urgent Demand for Rice
  - (B) The Rising Rice Price will Slump Soon
  - (C) Famous Rice Delicacies Across Asian Countries
  - (D) The Rocketing Rice Price and the Reasons Behind
46. Why did the Vietnam government limit the amount of exporting rice?
- (A) To assure its people of rice at stable price.
  - (B) To protect its farmers and people from rice shortage.
  - (C) To revenge Thailand for its long political oppression.
  - (D) To store more rice and boost the global trading price.
47. From the passage above, we can infer that \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) The Fukushima area is the largest rice production area in Japan
  - (B) Vietnam's policy took part of the blame for the rising global price of rice
  - (C) Thailand's rural farmers are the smallest part of the New Prime Mister's electoral base
  - (D) The new Thai Prime Minister aspired to stimulate the country's economy at home by highlighting the country's agriculture

48. Based on the passage, which of the following statements is **TRUE**?

- (A) Thailand is eager to sell rice at a higher price.
- (B) The end of the rising rice price is nowhere to be seen.
- (C) Vietnam is greatly affected by the rising rice prize.
- (D) Japan stores a lot of rice to feed the numerous victims in Fukushima nuclear disaster.

第 49 至 52 題為題組

Watching Shakespeare's plays was a popular entertainment in the early seventeenth century. According to Thomas Nash's *Pierce Penniless* in 1592, working people attended on holidays, and women from the middle-classes and the gentry were prominent playgoers. Nowadays, with DVD at hand and hi-fi stereo at home, who will go to the theater? If you think so, you are wrong. Welcome to Bard on the Beach Shakespeare Festival in Vancouver and you will have a chance to experience Shakespeare's old plays in a new way!

Bard on the Beach Shakespeare Festival was established in 1990 for the purpose of providing Vancouver residents and tourists with affordable Shakespearean productions of the finest quality. The Festival began with a non-profit theater company, initiated by Christopher Gaze and funded by Canada Council Explorations. Now it grows to a well-developed organization engaging thirty actors each season as well as a team of **exceptional** directors, designers, and technicians. The productions receive both critical and audience applauds, and it is not surprising that tickets sold out!

As William Shakespeare is sometimes referred to as the Bard of Avon, Bard on the Beach borrows the name based on the location the plays are presented. The plays are staged in Vanier Park on Vancouver's waterfront, in open-ended tents so that actors perform against a spectacular backdrop of mountains, sea and sky. It is a highlight of the unique Bard experience. The main stage tent offers two productions staged at the same time from the end of May through September.

Bard on the Beach attendance has grown significantly from 6,000 patrons in 1990 to more than 90,000 patrons in 2009. The programming has expanded from one play to four, and from 34 performances to 215 two decades later. More than this, through its constant community outreach, Bard hosts the Young Shakespeareans Summer Workshops for youth and teens on site. Artistic Director and Founder Christopher Gaze continually spreads enthusiasm for Shakespeare's plays at corporate, scholastic and private events. This year Bard on the Beach Shakespeare Festival is celebrating its 22<sup>nd</sup> season, why not experience Shakespearean glamour yourself?

49. What is the passage mainly about?

- (A) How Bard on the Beach accidentally got its name.
- (B) Bard of a local Shakespeare Festival in Vancouver.
- (C) Adoptions of Shakespeare's plays from the 15<sup>th</sup> century to the 21<sup>th</sup> century.
- (D) History and development of a local Shakespearean Festival in Vancouver.



50. Which of the following statement is **NOT** correct concerning Bard on the Beach?
- (A) Over the twenty years, their viewers have multiplied.
  - (B) Bard on the Beach offers Shakespeare's plays only in springtime.
  - (C) It was initially founded by Christopher Gaze out of his passion for Shakespearean plays.
  - (D) Unlike the opera house we go to, the audience watch the Shakespeare's play in the tent with openings.
51. What does the word "**exceptional**" refer to?
- (A) outstanding
  - (B) expectant
  - (C) excluding
  - (D) of high quality
52. What do we learn about from the last paragraph?
- (A) Bard on the Beach offer volunteers performing courses and help them put on Shakespeare's plays.
  - (B) Bard on the Beach is planning to release DVDs so that the public can enjoy Shakespearean plays at home.
  - (C) In hope of cultivating the taste for drama in the youth, Bard on the Beach provides teenagers with summer camp courses.
  - (D) People of all ages can take delight in Shakespeare's plays since William Shakespeare addressed human nature in an insightful way.

第 53 至 56 題為題組

The past decade has given rise to life in a digital age and more and more people are spending large portions of time online. According to Dan Schawbel, the author of "5 Reasons Why Your Online Presence Will Replace Your Resume in 10 Years" on the Forbes blog, potential job seekers should depend on an online presence to enhance their chance for success in career. While online job hunting certainly has its advantages, it also causes some concerns.

As hardcopy resumes are still accepted, Schawbel predicts within the next 10 years they will become obsolete. He further suggests job hunters should acquire their full name as the URL to allow their potential employers to find them on search engines for best results. If job seekers don't want to have an online presence, they will have fewer opportunities to get better jobs. Schawbel continues to mention that a prospective employer is reviewing your profiles to understand what kind of person you are outside the workplace. Schawbel's remarks like these indeed make us uncomfortable. As one's personal information is available for anyone to see online, it is not surprising to know a job hunter's personal life, social networking profiles or even a criminal record can be raided and scrutinized for a bank teller and bookstore manager position!

One online networking site specific to job finding that Schawbel recommends is LinkedIn, which both employers use to find top talent and job seekers use to leverage their network. For a monthly fee, LinkedIn offers job seekers a chance to stand out from the crowd by upgrading their profiles. If you already have money to invest in your LinkedIn profile, you're on the fast track to making more money! For a recent university graduate, LinkedIn is definitely not good news; instead, it makes them feel like losers as they are starting a career.

Perhaps the most annoying about Schawbel's advice is that individuals become commodities. By attempting to market our skills and talents, we are encouraging companies to treat us as nothing more than possessions. While it becomes a trend to promote ourselves online to get a better job, we have to reflect on whether our regression from face-to-face contact prevents our employers from giving us true appreciation and treating us as unique individuals!

53. What is Schawbel's suggestion for those who are looking for a job?
- (A) They should create and update professional profiles online.
  - (B) They should neither turn off their computer nor unhook the Internet.
  - (C) They should market their talents and work experience at a good price.
  - (D) They should find the one who shares the same interests as them to be their boss.
54. Which of the following is **NOT** what LinkedIn does for their customers?
- (A) They help their customers find a better-paying job online.
  - (B) They train employees to meet business goals of their own company.
  - (C) They assist people in management to look for prominent people for a certain position.
  - (D) They update personal information of their customers online to keep them excelling in job finding.
55. According to the author, what is one disadvantage of online resumes?
- (A) One doesn't have to make efforts in the workplace.
  - (B) You have to locate when your boss spends vacations.
  - (C) It takes both time and money to update personal information.
  - (D) Your private life and even criminal records will be revealed.
56. What is the author's attitude toward Schawbel's statement?
- (A) The author is optimistic that our talent will be found more easily by a potential boss.
  - (B) The author is worried that online resumes will degrade our overall value as an individual .
  - (C) The author holds a hostile attitude toward online resume in order to defend traditional paper resumes.
  - (D) The author doubts whether it's a fair play because the rich can always showcase their ability online.

第貳部分：非選擇題（占 28 分）

一、中譯英（8%）

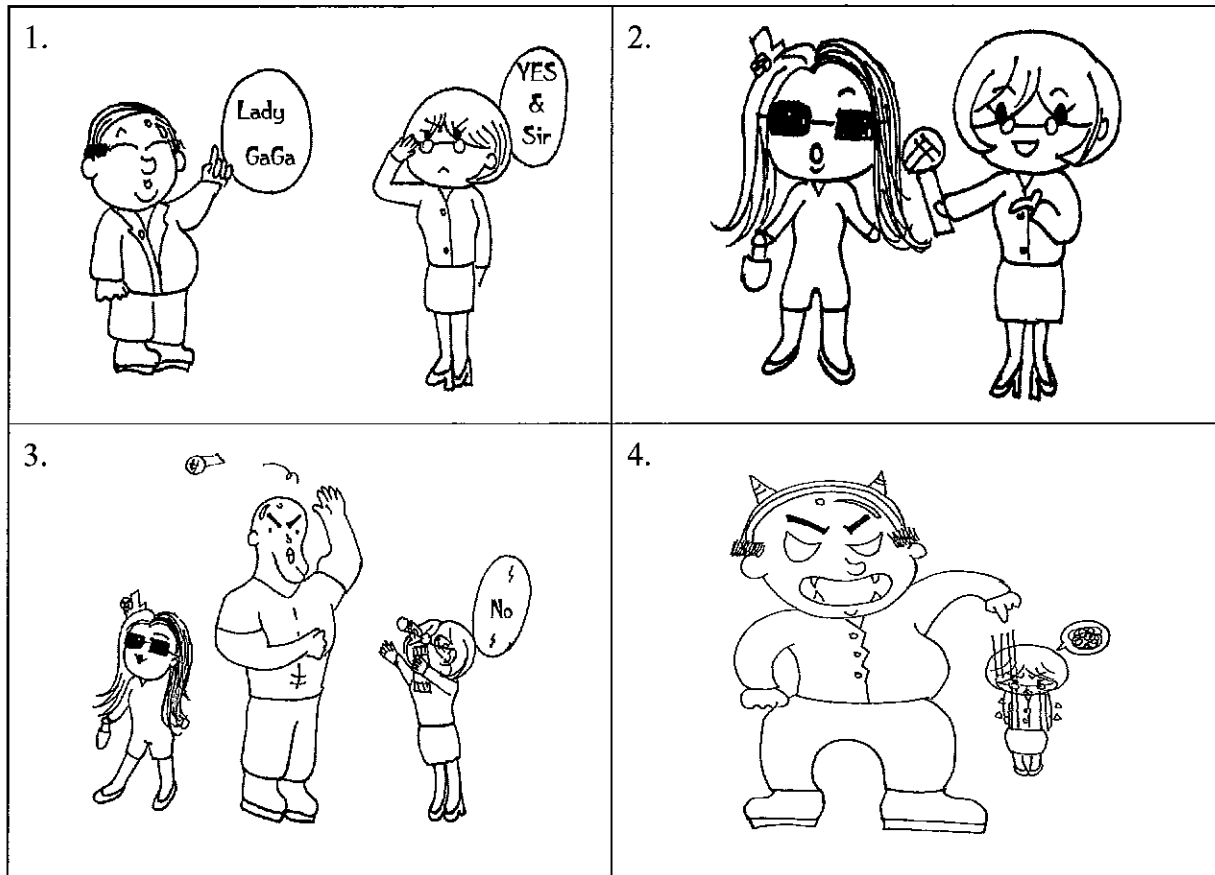
說明：1. 將下列兩句中文翻譯成適當之英文，並將答案寫在「答案卷」上。  
2. 請依序作答，並標明題號。每題 4 分，共 8 分。

1. 國片賽德克·巴萊（Warriors of the Rainbow: Seediq Bale）被選為今年威尼斯（Venice）國際影展參賽影片之一。
2. 電影內容是有關臺灣原住民族賽德克族（the Seediq）受到日本數十年統治並加以反抗的歷史事件。

二、英文作文（20%）

說明：1. 依提示在「答案卷」上寫一篇英文作文。  
2. 文長約 120 個單詞（words）左右。

提示：





# 高雄區高級中學 100 學年度第一學期 大學入學第一次學科能力測驗聯合模擬考 英文考科詳解

## 第壹部分：選擇題

### 一、詞彙

1. 參考答案：(A)  
試題解析：一看到走失的心愛的寵物狗，Marilyn 緊緊地抱著牠。  
(A)緊緊地 (B)匆促地 (C)不久 (D)妒忌地
2. 參考答案：(D)  
試題解析：撐過人生低潮需要自己莫大的毅力與信心。  
(A)預約 (B)保存 (C)保護 (D)毅力
3. 參考答案：(A)  
試題解析：爲了終止組織內部腐化，結構的改革是必要的。  
(A)改革 (B)交換 (C)展示 (D)設施
4. 參考答案：(D)  
試題解析：Victoria 認爲用手洗衣服有失她的尊嚴。  
(A)在…之中 (B)對抗、反對 (C)超越 (D)在…之下
5. 參考答案：(C)  
試題解析：林吳縉是臺灣彩票公司之前的襄理，涉嫌以其在臺北富邦銀行的權位詐欺獎金。  
(A)解決 (B)解決、決定 (C)涉及 (D)圍繞
6. 參考答案：(B)  
試題解析：這間新公司這幾年每年獲利增加百分之三，穩定成長鼓舞所有員工。  
(A)稠密的 (B)穩定的 (C)先前的 (D)陳腐的；無趣的
7. 參考答案：(C)  
試題解析：根據萬事達卡最近的調查，臺灣在度假者心中最想造訪的亞太地區目的地排行名列第四。  
(A)可靠的 (B)有能力的 (C)想要的 (D)可辨認的
8. 參考答案：(A)  
試題解析：即將到來的颱風迫使 Dorothy 延長待在馬爾地夫的時間，她很幸運能享受更長的假期。  
(A)延伸 (B)敲詐、勒索 (C)到期、失敗 (D)擴大拓展
9. 參考答案：(A)  
試題解析：藉由今年夏天贏得 LPGA 錦標賽，臺灣選手曾雅妮鞏固自己首席女子高爾夫選手的地位，也成爲贏得四座四大賽金盃最年輕的選手。  
(A)達到 (B)扣留 (C)保持 (D)維持
10. 參考答案：(B)  
試題解析：我祖母在長期痛苦折磨後過世，對家中成員而言是情感上的解脫。  
(A)教育性的 (B)情感上的 (C)相同一致的 (D)不堪忍受的
11. 參考答案：(D)  
試題解析：無法忍受炙陽，進入屋內此人立即啓動冷氣。  
(A)一般的 (B)定期地 (C)最初 (D)立即

12. 參考答案：(C)

試題解析：世界各國政府已涵蓋房屋政策以確保人人都買得起經濟實用的房屋，冀望止住不斷上揚的房地產價格。

(A)使...能夠 (B)放大 (C)確保 (D)有權去

13. 參考答案：(A)

試題解析：好萊塢電影《在劫難逃》的首映會，上週在紐約一場人潮擁擠的放映會中頗受好評。

(A)好評 (B)好處 (C)門徒 (D)參考

14. 參考答案：(C)

試題解析：完整基因公司同意一個非營利性醫學機構依序排列 1500 個完整的人類基因組，以幫助探討早產的遺傳基礎。

(A)尺寸 (B)沉默 (C)順序 (D)暫停

15. 參考答案：(D)

試題解析：由 CBS 新聞台所做的一項有關霸凌的研究，發現每四位孩童就有一位曾在校被恐嚇或被迫做不想做的事。

(A)留下深刻印象 (B)感染 (C)啓發鼓舞 (D)恐嚇

## 二、綜合測驗

### 第 16 至 20 題為題組

如何成為世界上最幸福的人？“財富”這個答案可能立刻浮現大多數人心中，但根據世界幸福數據庫所做的調查，結果發現這個回答是次要的。這項調查詢問許多彩票中獎者大獎所帶來的興奮感，結果在許多案例指出得到意外之財的興奮感來得快、消失也快，顯然，金錢並不能保證長期的幸福。事實上，比較多的受訪者認為人際關係是持久生活滿意度的主要來源，家庭關係似乎特別是長久滿足的關鍵。研究結果顯示，幸福的家庭時光可能比賺取金錢更有價值。

16. 參考答案：(A)

試題解析：pop 原意為氣球爆破瞬間，可抽象描述一瞬間發生的事物。

(A)浮現 (B)出發 (C)舉行 (D)發生、導致

17. 參考答案：(A)

試題解析：根據前半句的轉承詞“But”可推翻財富的重要性，以及由下文可知，財富不是長期幸福感的主要來源，故此空格應選(A)以符合上下文意。

(A)次要的 (B)優先於 (C)主要的 (D)優於

18. 參考答案：(C)

試題解析：前句說明調查結果為財富帶來的快樂易逝，後句說明金錢無法保證幸福，故此空格須選擇(C)以強調上下文文意相承接。

(A)立即地 (B)適當地 (D)滿懷希望地

19. 參考答案：(A)

試題解析：因應「In fact 事實上」的轉折語氣，這句話強調真正的、「持續的」快樂，故選(A)持久的。

(B)經常的 (C)重複的 (D)暫時的

20. 參考答案：(C)

試題解析：「家庭關係」屬「人際關係」之下更明確、範圍較小的項目，故選(C)說明。

(A)立刻 (B)畢竟 (C)尤其是 (D)接續地

### 第 21 至 25 題為題組

經濟衰退？即使是在股市瘋狂震盪、經濟晦暗的時刻，美國人仍難以抗拒奢侈品的吸引力，以下貼著驚人價格標籤的商品就是最好的佐證。Knipschildt 巧克力達人的瑪德琳松露，使用法國佩利哥 (Perigord) 的黑松露，一種一磅值千元美金的松露。這個包覆於絲緞般柔順巧克力濃漿內的單品售價美金 250

元，只接受預訂且自推出以來平均每個月賣出兩個。Stave 拼圖生產的美金 4000 元的拼圖同樣地耗錢銷魂，這個拼圖由手工製作的小木板組合而成，每片木板都可以嵌入不同地方，導致出現多種排列方式，「但只有一種是正確的」，製作者 Richardson 微笑說道。信不信由你，自從發行了限量版本，Richardson 已經收到 8 筆預購訂單。

21. 參考答案：(C)

試題解析：“the + adj.” 意指具備這項特質的人或事物，故選(C)形容詞。

(A)奢華 (B)茂盛、華麗 (C)奢華的 (D)茂盛的

22. 參考答案：(B)

試題解析：逗號後為同位語再加上形容詞子句，補充說明逗號前的法國黑松露為單數，故同位語擇 one，因為黑松露是物品，故形容詞子句以 that 或 which 為首。

23. 參考答案：(D)

試題解析：按上下文意選(D)引進、推出。

(A)解脫 (B)排放 (C)出版

24. 參考答案：(C)

試題解析：(A)因為 (B)因為 (C)導致 (D)因為

25. 參考答案：(B)

試題解析：(A) (雜誌刊物的) 期數 (B)版本 (C)專欄、欄位 (D)區域、版面

### 第 26 至 30 題為題組

我們會把膽固醇與油膩的食物聯想在一起，事實上，肝臟產生百分之七十五的蠟狀物質在我們的血液循環，而其他百分之二十五的膽固醇是從食物中攝取來的。在人體血液中的膽固醇有兩種主要類型：低密度脂蛋白膽固醇被認為是“壞”膽固醇，而高密度脂蛋白膽固醇則被認為是“好”膽固醇。在正常狀況下，肝臟釋放低密度脂蛋白膽固醇到血液中，也利用細胞表面上活躍的低密度脂蛋白受體將壞膽固醇從血液中移除。然而，低密度脂蛋白受體的數量減少會造成膽固醇值升高。

遺傳和飲食習慣對一個人的低密度脂蛋白，高密度脂蛋白膽固醇和總體的膽固醇值有顯著的影響。患有遺傳性疾病的人傾向在成年早期罹患動脈硬化和心臟病發作。除此之外，高飽和脂肪和高膽固醇的膳食也會增加血液中的低密度脂蛋白膽固醇值。

26. 參考答案：(D)

試題解析：人體內的膽固醇為一定範圍的總值，人體自行製造的膽固醇佔 75%，剩下的就只佔 25%，用限定的代名詞 the other 後面可加單複數名詞，而不用 other。

(A)另一個 (B)其他 (C)一些 (D)其他的

27. 參考答案：(A)

試題解析：A 被認為是 B 的句型有 A be regarded/seen/viewed/thought of/ referred to as B 這一題要選後面加 as 的片語。

(A)被認為 (B)被指定 (C)被戲稱為 (後面不加 as) (D)被稱為 (後面不加 as)

28. 參考答案：(B)

試題解析：這一題句意為 (因) 造成 (果)。

(A)沒有；免除 (B)造成；引起 (C)與…混合 (D)從…脫離而獨立的

29. 參考答案：(B)

試題解析：這一題句意為患有遺傳性疾病的人往往有膽固醇值太高而引發心血管疾病的傾向。

(A)照顧 (B)傾向於 (C)指向 (D)意謂著

30. 參考答案：(A)

試題解析：第二段的主題句已點出遺傳和飲食習慣這兩個因素對一個人的膽固醇值有影響。前面討論遺傳，再提及飲食時，副詞用「除此之外」含意的 apart from that 來開頭。

(A)除此之外 (B)儘管困難重重 (C)另一方面 (D)更糟的是

### 三、文意選填

彰化縣沿岸的中華白海豚具有生態上與文化上的獨特價值，牠們曾經被歸類於臺灣海峽東岸的中華白海豚下的一個亞群，這個亞群棲息於中國大陸沿岸和香港附近。但臺北的中央研究院證實棲息在臺灣西岸的族群基因特異，隔離於珠江或九龍江三角洲的海豚群之外。臺灣海峽東岸的中華白海豚僅棲息於深度 30 米內的海域，深 50 米的臺灣海峽就成為天然屏障，使臺灣沿岸的這群海豚保有基因的獨特性。除了基因評定之外，中華白海豚鼻子有特色，與眾不同的色素沉澱可以一貫地將白海豚與臺灣海峽東岸海豚區別開來。

除了生物上的獨特性，臺灣的白海豚與漁民之間也有情感及文化上的聯繫。這群海中哺乳類用可愛的外表擄獲每個人的心，成魚的粉紅或灰膚色為其海豚帶來難以抗拒的吸引力，另外，因白海豚都在女神媽祖的生日前後出現，牠們又被暱稱為媽祖魚。在農曆的三月 23 日前後，人們能輕易欣賞到白海豚快樂的海面跳躍。

即使我們可愛的粉紅鄰居極具珍貴價值和吸引力，牠們正面臨重大的生存危機，因為牠們棲息的家園受到僅僅幾里外的國光石化工廠的威脅。當自然與工業衝突時，我們真的需要更謹慎考慮事情的優先順序。

31. 參考答案：(B)
32. 參考答案：(F)
33. 參考答案：(H)
34. 參考答案：(I)
35. 參考答案：(C)
36. 參考答案：(E)
37. 參考答案：(J)
38. 參考答案：(G)
39. 參考答案：(D)
40. 參考答案：(A)

### 四、閱讀測驗

#### 第 41 至 44 題為題組

不具正式商科資格的 Ursula Sladek 是 Schonau 電力公司 (EWS) 的總裁，EWS 是一間市民共同擁有的合作社，僅使用永續能源，供給德國境內十二萬戶家庭電力。

車諾比核廠爆炸之後，Sladek 非常關心輻射和受到污染的當地野生動物，所以這位育有五子的母親成立了「無核父母」這個致力於提倡替代性能源的區域性組織。起初，Sladek 嘗試說服 KWR—原本當地的電力公司—投資環保能源，並協助減少對核電廠的依賴，但該電廠的斷然拒絕與互踢皮球敲醒了 Sladek。她和她的團隊因此創立了自己的電力公司，並進行地方請願，說服了鎮議會與當地居民，於 1997 年籌措足夠金費後，EWS 買下支應偏鄉小鎮 Schonau 為其提供非核能力的合約。

由一千位市民共同擁有的 EWS 只用綠能發電，主要像是水力發電、太陽能電板、和風力渦輪機。令多數人驚訝的是乾淨與綠能意識未必價值不斐，由於股東們和公司總裁不以營利為目的的共識，實際上 EWS 的顧客付費更便宜，清償帳單與支付薪水後，公司剩下的所有收入都再投入研究計畫或在技術上援助其他渴望擁有乾淨綠能公司的社群。

目前，在福島輻射外洩事件發生和隨後德國發表十年後終止核能宣言後，各地對 EWS 的需求遽增，Sladek 以遠見和努力在今年四月贏得 2011「金人環境獎」歐洲優勝者的頭銜，這個獎項相當於諾貝爾環境獎。

41. 參考答案：(B)

試題解析：根據上文，有關 EWS 的描述何者為是？

- (A) 它僅提供 Schonau 居民電力。
- (B) 這間公司由一千名 Schonau 居民擁有。



- (C)它是由另外一間德國電力公司 KWR 分支出來的。
- (D) EWS 使用的能源來源包含太陽能和瓦斯。

42. 參考答案：(D)

試題解析：根據上文可知 Ursula Sladek 不是 \_\_\_\_\_。

- (A)五個小孩的母親
- (B) Schonau 電力公司 (EWS) 的創辦人
- (C) Schonau 電力公司 (EWS) 的總裁
- (D)具有商科電學背景的專家

43. 參考答案：(C)

試題解析：Schonau 電力公司 (EWS) 的未來計畫為何？

- (A)提倡以煤發電取代核電。
- (B)尋覓更安全、更有效率的核能發電的方式。
- (C)幫助其他社群利用乾淨環保的能源發電。
- (D)創造更大利益，並拓展 EWS 業務到其他國家。

44. 參考答案：(C)

試題解析：下列哪一項不是促成 EWS 電力銷售增加的原因？

- (A) EWS 提供較便宜的電費
- (B)福島核電廠輻射外洩
- (C) Ursula Sladek 贏得諾貝爾環境保護獎
- (D)德國政府終止核能的強硬態度

#### 第 45 至 48 題為題組

下一餐想來些日本壽司、越南米線，還是一晚熱騰騰的白飯配泰式綠咖哩？這些珍饈顯示世界上大約每兩個人就有一個以米為穀類主食，一旦米價上漲，全球近一半的人口就會受到影響。令人難過的是，國際銀行已察覺此趨勢，更糟的是，價格可能不會停止上揚

事由為何？結果主因是滿足全球三分之一稻米需求、世界最大的稻米輸出國的泰國，新的泰國總理盈拉正要兌現對選民的一項競選宣言。她以前承諾向農民以高於市價 40% 的價格收購稻米，這必然會推升國際米價。米商和消費者預期該項政策 10 月 7 日開始實施，因此就開始囤貨。米價提升的次要原因是日本，3 月 11 日的地震及海嘯造成福島核電災難，土地被輻射污染，估計損失約 150 萬噸米糧，過去稻米大致能生產自給自足的日本，很快即將搶食國際市場，以彌補缺口。

眼見泰國米價上揚和日本需求擴大，世界第二大的稻米輸出國越南選擇約束外銷，不增加外銷供給國際需求，以努力保持國內米價平穩。即使越南無意加劇米價上揚的問題，八月的稻米成交價大約是每噸 570 元美金，是 17 個月以來的最高點。

而且大象預測米價還要再漲。

45. 參考答案：(D)

試題解析：選出最合適本文的標題。

- (A)亞洲國家急迫需要稻米。
- (B)上漲的米價將很快下跌。
- (C)亞洲各國有名的米製佳餚。
- (D)飆升中的米價與背後的原因。

46. 參考答案：(A)

試題解析：為何越南政府要限制稻米出口？

- (A)為保障他的人民能以平穩價格買米。
- (B)為保護他的農夫與人民免於稻米短缺。
- (C)為報復泰國長期的政治壓迫。
- (D)為了囤積稻米推升國際交易價。

47. 參考答案：(B)

試題解析：從前文我們能推論出\_\_\_\_\_。

- (A) 福島是日本主要稻米產區
- (B) 越南的政策部分導致了全球米價上漲
- (C) 泰國鄉下的農夫是新總理選舉支持者中最小群的
- (D) 新科泰國總理想要藉強調農業以刺激國內經濟

48. 參考答案：(B)

試題解析：按前文，下列敘述何者為真？

- (A) 泰國急於以高價外銷稻米。
- (B) 全球米價上漲趨勢的止期不明。
- (C) 越南嚴重受到上漲米價的影響。
- (D) 日本囤積很多米為餵飽許多的福島核災災民。

#### 第 49 至 52 題為題組

在十七世紀初，觀賞莎士比亞的戲劇是一種流行的娛樂。根據托馬斯·納許於 1592 年身無分文一書指出，在假日勞工階級會去看戲，而中產階級的婦女與士紳是主要的觀眾。有 DVD 在手，立體音響在家裡，現在誰還去劇院？如果你這樣想，那就錯了。來一趟溫哥華海灘莎士比亞戲劇節，你將全新體驗莎劇！

海灘莎士比亞戲劇節成立於 1990 年，目的為提供溫哥華居民和遊客最優質並票價合理的莎劇。節慶剛開始時由一個不以營利為目的的劇團發響，該劇團由克理斯多夫·格茲草創，並由加拿大議會資助。現在成長為一個健全的組織，每個演出季節有 30 位演員參與，並動員一組出色的導演，設計師和技術人員團隊。演出佳評如潮，門票也銷售一空！

正如莎士比亞有時也被稱為 the Bard of Avon，劇團和演出也因舉辦的地點得名。戲劇節在溫哥華的凡尼爾公園上演，搭在海濱半開放式的帳篷，使得演員們可以在壯觀的高山，大海和天空背景襯托下演出。這是看戲中最精采的部分。主舞台帳篷提供了兩場戲在同一時間上演，演出從每年五月底一直到九月結束。

溫哥華海灘莎士比亞戲劇節已從 1990 年的六千名觀眾茁壯到 2009 年的九萬多名觀眾。節目單從一部戲增加到四部戲，演出從第一年的 34 場至二十年後的每年 215 場。除此之外，透過不斷的深入社區活動，沙灘上的詩人劇團在表演場地為青少年和青少年舉辦莎劇暑期工作坊。其總監和創始人克理斯多夫·格茲不斷積極地在企業、學術和私人活動中散播他對莎劇的熱愛。今年海灘上的莎士比亞戲劇節慶祝其第 22 季的演出，為什麼你不親自來體驗莎翁的魅力？

49. 參考答案：(D)

試題解析：上文主要談什麼？

- (A) 海灘莎士比亞戲劇節名字由來的巧合。
- (B) 海灘莎士比亞戲劇節將莎翁戲劇改拍成電影。
- (C) 莎翁戲劇從 15 到 21 世紀的改編。
- (D) 溫哥華當地莎士比亞戲劇節的歷史與發展。

50. 參考答案：(B)

試題解析：下列有關於海灘詩人劇團，哪一項敘述為非？

- (A) 這 20 年間，他們的觀眾人數以倍數成長。
- (B) 沙灘上的詩人劇團只在春季上演莎翁戲劇。
- (C) 該劇團最初是因為克理斯多夫·格茲對莎翁戲劇的熱情而創設的。
- (D) 與我們常去的歌劇院不同，觀眾在開放式的帳篷中欣賞莎翁戲劇。

51. 參考答案：(A)

試題解析：“exceptional”一字在文意上最接近何者？

- (A) 傑出的 (B) 殷切期盼的 (C) 排除的 (D) 高品質的

52. 參考答案：(C)

試題解析：從最後一段我們可以得知什麼？

- (A)沙灘上的詩人劇團提供志工表演課程，並且幫助他們演譯莎翁劇本。
- (B)海灘詩人劇團正計畫推行影音光碟，以助大眾在家享受莎翁名著。
- (C)期望培養青少年的戲劇品味，海灘詩人劇團提供青少年夏令營課程。
- (D)既然莎士比亞是從深刻有內涵的角度談人性，觀眾不分年齡都能享受莎翁戲劇。

### 第 53 至 56 題為題組

過去十年數位生活崛起，越來越多的人花費很多時間上網，按富比士部落格《你的線上紀錄將於十年內取代簡歷的五大理由》的作者 Dan Schawbel 所言，有潛力的求職者應該仰賴線上紀錄以加強事業成功的機會，線上徵才確有優點，然而它也引發引憂。

當大家仍接受紙本履歷時，Schawbel 預測十年內這種履歷就會過時了，他更進一步建議求職者應取得包含他們全名的網址，好讓潛在雇主在搜尋引擎上能找到最直接的結果，如果求職者不想留下網路紀錄，他們得到好工作的機會比較少，Schawbel 接著提到未來雇主正透過審視你的檔案來了解工作場合外的你，他的這些預測的確讓我們不舒服，當個人資料能自網路輕易取得，令人不意外地，為了銀行行員或書店經理等職位，求職者的個人生活、社交網絡、或甚至犯罪紀錄都易被突擊檢查。

一個 Schawbel 特別推薦的線上求職網絡是連線 (LinkedIn)，同時可供雇主藉其覓得最具天分的人才，也讓求職者利用這個網絡，一個月的費用能提供求職者提升個人簡介而有機會自求職者中脫穎而出，假如你已經有錢投資在連線的個人簡介，你就在賺錢的快車道上了！對剛畢業的大學生而言，連線絕不是個好消息，反而會感覺在求職之初自己是輸家

或許 Schawbel 最惱人的建議就是把個人變成貨品，企圖行銷自己的能力與才識，我們鼓勵公司把我們看成財產，當在線上推銷自己成為求職趨勢時，我們必須反省，是否從面對面會晤退縮（到網路履歷）讓僱主們不再欣賞我們，不再視我們為獨特的個體！

53. 參考答案：(A)

試題解析：Schawbel 給求職者的建議為何？

- (A)他們應創造並更新線上的專長簡介。
- (B)他們應保持開機不斷線。
- (C)他們應開個好價錢行銷自己的才幹還有工作經驗。
- (D)他們應尋找志趣相投的人當老闆。

54. 參考答案：(B)

試題解析：下列何者不是連線提供顧客的服務？

- (A)他們幫助顧客在線上找到薪水更好的工作。
- (B)他們訓練職員以達成他們自己公司的工作目標。
- (C)他們協助管理階層尋覓某些職務的優秀人才。
- (D)他們更新顧客的線上個人資訊，以保求職優勢。

55. 參考答案：(C)

試題解析：根據作者所言，線上履歷的壞處是？

- (A)工作場合不必努力盡職。
- (B)你必須知道老闆在何時度假。
- (C)更新個人訊息耗時耗錢。
- (D)所有私人生活或甚至犯罪紀錄都遭人故意誤用。

56. 參考答案：(B)

試題解析：作者對於 Schawbel 言論的態度為何？

- (A)作者對於未來雇主能更輕易從網路上找到我們的才能感到樂觀。
- (B)作者對於線上履歷將矮化我們個人的整體價值感到憂慮。
- (C)為了捍衛傳統書面履歷，作者對線上履歷抱持敵對態度。
- (D)作者懷疑若富者總是在線上展現其能力，求職是否仍具公平性。

第貳部分：非選擇題

一、翻譯

1. The  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{local} \\ \text{Taiwanese} \end{array} \right.$  film entitled Warriors of the Rainbow: Seediq Bale was  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{selected} \\ \text{chosen} \end{array} \right.$  as one of the films in competition at the Venice International Film Festival this year.
2. The movie  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{is about} \\ \text{depicts} \\ \text{presents} \\ \text{tells about} \end{array} \right.$  a historic event in which the Seediq, one of the aboriginal tribes in Taiwan,  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{was colonized by the Japanese} \\ \text{was under the Japanese rule} \end{array} \right.$  for decades and  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{rebelled} \\ \text{fought} \end{array} \right.$  against them.

二、英文作文

評分標準：本大題總分 20 分，主要評量考生是否有能力撰寫一篇語法正確、語意通順，並且內容統一、組織連貫的英文作文。採整體式評分，分為五等級：特優（19-20 分）、優（15-18 分）、可（10-14 分）、差（5-9 分）、劣（0-4 分），閱卷委員於閱讀完考生試卷後，於腦海裡產生一個整體（holistic）分數，再以分項式評分標準檢閱是否符合整體印象分數，分項式評分指標包含下列 5 項：內容（5 分）、組織（5 分）、文法、句構（4 分）、字彙、拼字（4 分），及體例（2 分）。另外，字數不足，扣 1 分。

表 1：英文作文分項式評分指標

等級 項目	優	可	差	劣
內容	主題（句）清楚切題，並有具體、完整的相關細節支持。（5-4 分）	主題不夠清楚或突顯，部分相關敘述發展不全。（3 分）	主題不明，大部分相關敘述發展不全或與主題無關。（2-1 分）	文不對題或沒寫（凡文不對題或沒寫者，其他各項均以零分計算）。（0 分）
組織	重點分明，有開頭、發展、結尾，前後連貫，轉承語使用得當。（5-4 分）	重點安排不安，前後發展比例與轉承語使用欠妥。（3 分）	重點不明、前後不連貫。（2-1 分）	全文毫無組織或未按提示寫作。（0 分）
文法、句構	全文幾無文法錯誤，文句結構富變化。（4 分）	文法錯誤少，且未影響文意之表達。（3 分）	文法錯誤多，且明顯影響文意之表達。（2-1 分）	全文文法錯誤嚴重，導致文意不明。（0 分）
字彙、拼字	用字精確、得宜，且幾無拼字錯誤。（4 分）	字詞單調、重複，用字偶有不當，少許拼字錯誤，但不影響文意之表達。（3 分）	用字、拼字錯誤多，明顯影響文意之表達。（2-1 分）	只寫出或抄襲與題意有關的零碎文詞。（0 分）
體例	格式、標點、大小寫幾無錯誤。（2 分）	格式、標點、大小寫等有錯誤，但不影響文意之表達。（1 分）	違背基本的寫作體例或格式，標點、大小寫等錯誤甚多。（0 分）	